

## City of Weirton West Virginia Firemen's Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2020 to Determine the City's Contribution for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

# Bolton

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September 30, 2021

Ms. Diana Smoljanovich Finance Director 200 Municipal Plaza Weirton, WV 26062 Firefighter Phillip Martin Pension Board Secretary City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Re: City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Actuarial Valuation Report for the Year Beginning July 1, 2020

Dear Ms. Smoljanovich and Firefighter Martin:

The following sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund as of July 1, 2020. Sections I and II of the report provide a summary of results and the actuarial certification, respectively. Sections III and IV contain the development of the City's contribution for the 2022 fiscal year. Section V contains asset information. Sections VI and VII provide experience gain/loss and risk measure information, respectively. Section VIII provides projections. Sections IX through XI provide a summary of the census data, plan provisions, assumptions and actuarial methods. Section XII provides a glossary of many of the terms used in this report.

The purposes of this report are to provide information on:

- The sponsor's funding requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, based on the selected funding policy, i.e. the **Optional** funding policy as defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(e)(1)
- The Fund's eligibility to receive an allocation of the premium tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022
- The Fund's eligibility to provide supplemental benefits for the plan year beginning July 1,2022

This report may not be used for any other purpose; Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

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Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

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# Section I. Executive Summary

#### Background

Bolton has prepared the following report that sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (the Plan) as of July 1, 2020. Please note that some columns and rows in the tables on the following pages may not add due to rounding.

#### **Funding Policy**

The Plan is valued using the Optional funding policy as described in WV Code §8-22-20. The City of Weirton (the City) switched from the Alternative funding policy to the Optional funding policy effective October 1, 2016.

### Summary of Results

The following table presents a two-year summary of the Plan's estimated pension contributions.

| Estimated Employer Contribution Requirements  | FYE 2021        | FYE 2022        |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Estimated Employer Normal Cost with Interest   | \$<br>315,475   | \$<br>309,766   |
| 2. Estimated Payroll <sup>1</sup>   | \$<br>1,178,596 | \$<br>1,254,930 |
| 3. Normal Cost Rate <sup>1</sup>  | 26.77%          | 24.68%          |
| 4. Amortization of Unfunded Liability with Interest   | \$<br>284,289   | \$<br>269,300   |
| 5. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation   | \$<br>265,394   | \$<br>255,721   |
| <ol> <li>Unfunded Liability Payment Net of Premium Tax<br/>Allocation (4. – 5., not less than 0)</li> </ol> | \$<br>18,895    | \$<br>13,579    |
| 7. Estimated Net Employer Contribution (1. + 6.)  | \$<br>334,370   | \$<br>323,345   |

The following table presents a three-year historical summary of the Plan assets and liabilities.

|                                      | July 1, 2018     | July 1, 2019     | July 1, 2020     |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)    | \$<br>15,154,723 | \$<br>15,608,407 | \$<br>16,144,547 |
| Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)      | \$<br>10,970,366 | \$<br>11,756,068 | \$<br>12,478,513 |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability | \$<br>4,184,357  | \$<br>3,852,339  | \$<br>3,666,034  |
| Funding Percentage                   | 72.4%            | 75.3%            | 77.3%            |

The contributions shown above are assumed to be paid in equal monthly installments throughout the fiscal year. Details of the determination of the City's contribution for FYE 2022 are shown in Section IV of this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The methodology currently employed by the City for determining the dollar amount of the normal cost (NC) component of the contribution is to multiply the NC rate by the actual payroll for the fiscal year (FY) beginning on the valuation date (i.e. the NC rate in the FYE 2022 column will be multiplied by the actual FY 2021 payroll to determine the NC component of the FY 2022 contribution). As such, the payroll shown here is the estimated payroll for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year denoted in the column label. For this reason, this NC rate may differ from the NC rate presented in the Projected Net Employer Normal Cost exhibit on page 8.



#### **Risk Measures**

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan. More detail is provided later in this report.

| Risk Measure                      | July 1,<br>2018 | July 1,<br>2019 | July 1,<br>2020 | Conservative<br>Measures |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL | 57.3%           | 57.9%           | 55.8%           | <50%                     |
| Assets (MVA) to Payroll           | 8.7             | 10.0            | 9.9             | <5                       |
| Liabilities to Payroll            | 12.0            | 13.2            | 12.9            | <5                       |
| Benefit Payments to Contributions | 0.9             | 1.0             | 1.1             | <3                       |

#### **Experience** Analysis

The following factors affected the City's funded status:

- The Plan uses the Optional funding policy. City contributions between FY 2021 and FY 2022 are expected to decrease by 3.3% from \$334,370 to \$323,345. This reflects a \$5,709 decrease in employer Normal Cost in part due to the plan being 'Closed' and a \$5,316 decrease to the net amortization (the gross amortization payment is expected to decrease by \$14,989 but the amortization payment after reduction for the premium tax allocation is expected to decrease by \$5,316).
- This valuation uses the same 6.50% discount rate as the prior valuation.
- Liabilities increased by 3.4% and assets increased by 6.1%.
- The Plan's funded ratio increased from 75.3% to 77.3% and the Plan is expected to be 100% funded in 2042.
- The return on the market value of assets for FY 2020 was 6.6%, while the return on the actuarial value of assets for FY 2020 was 6.5%.
- Since the Plan uses the Optional funding policy, the Plan is automatically considered solvent for purposes of receiving the state premium tax allocation and granting COLAs as long as the municipality makes the required contributions each year.

#### Changes in Methods, Assumptions, and Plan Amendments

Pursuant to the 2020 *Actuarial Methods Recommendations Report*, the WV MPOB adopted changes to the following methods:

- Amortization method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from a single, closed amortization base to a layered amortization approach.
- Asset method: the method was changed from the market value of assets to a four-year smoothed actuarial value of assets.
- Roll-forward method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from developing contributions for the valuation year to rolling valuation results forward one year to better align the contribution calculation with the expected timing of the contribution.



Additionally, there were changes to several assumptions. These changes are described in detail in *Section XI. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions*. All of the significant demographic assumptions were changed as well as the method used to determine the discount rate.

There were no changes to the Plan provisions reflected in this valuation.

#### Sources of Information

The July 1, 2020 participant data and market value of assets were provided by or at the direction of the City of Weirton. While we have reviewed this data for consistency and completeness, we have not audited this data.

#### Supplemental Benefit Eligibility

West Virginia Code §8-22-26a requires that all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, disability pensioners or future retirees receive a Supplemental Pension Benefit (i.e. cost-of-living adjustments, or COLAs) payable on the first day of July, based on a percentage increase equal to any increase in the consumer price index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics for the preceding year. The COLA shall not exceed 4% per year and is not payable to a retiree until the first day of July after the second anniversary of the retiree's date of retirement. Additionally, the COLA shall be calculated on only the first \$15,000 of the annual benefit paid and on the COLAs accumulated by the retiree since benefit commencement. If, at any time after the COLA becomes applicable, the total accumulated percentage increase in benefit on the allowable amount becomes less than 75% of the total accumulated percentage increase in the consumer price index over that same period of time, the 4% limitation shall be inapplicable until such time as the accumulated COLAs equal 75% of the accumulated increase in the consumer price index. The consumer price index used to determine the COLA is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

The COLA is only payable to the extent that the actuary certifies to the Board of Trustees of the fund the amount of increase in the supplemental benefits, if any, which may be paid, and which will preserve the minimum standards for actuarial soundness of the fund as set forth in West Virginia Code §8-22-20. This plan uses the Optional funding policy. By definition, funds that use the Optional funding policy are expected to be solvent after 15 years. The plan may not be able to grant COLAs if the City is not paying the required contribution determined under the Optional funding policy.

#### **Premium Tax**

West Virginia Code §33-3-14d established a 1% tax on premiums for fire insurance and casualty insurance policies. The proceeds from this tax are used to fund the West Virginia Teachers Retirement System, the Fire Protection Fund for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and the Municipal Pensions Security Fund, which is managed by the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board (MPOB). The MPOB allocates funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to each eligible municipality's police and fire fund that is less than 100% funded on an actuarial basis. The funds from the Base Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month (regardless of whether the police and fire employees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia state Municipal Police and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS)). The funds from the Excess Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police and fire fund the exerage monthly number of police and fire employees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia state Municipal Police and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS)). The funds from the Excess Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month per fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly



number of retired police officers and firefighters (regardless of whether the police and fire employees and retirees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia MPFRS).

West Virginia Code §8-22-19 requires a plan sponsor to deposit into the pension fund the required contributions in accordance with Code §8-22-20 at least on a monthly basis at a rate of one-twelfth of the annual requirement in order to receive the premium tax allocation described above. A municipality may pre-pay this contribution. If the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions Security Fund is not paid to the pension and relief fund within eighteen months, the portion is forfeited by the pension and relief fund and is allocable to other eligible municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds in accordance with West Virginia Code §33-3-14d.

#### Solvency Requirements

West Virginia Code requires that plans be solvent in order to receive the state premium tax allocation as well as to grant the COLA. In order to be considered solvent, the fund must be projected to have assets greater than \$1 for the next 15 years. This plan uses the Optional funding policy. By definition, funds that use the Optional funding policy are expected to be solvent after 15 years as long as the City is contributing the entire contribution calculated under the Optional funding policy each year.

#### **Actuarial Projections**

Section VIII of this report provides long-range projections of assets, liabilities, funded status, and contributions for the pension fund. The projections are shown to help the municipality understand the future funded status and future contribution requirements based on an expected set of assumptions.

#### Impact of COVID-19

Because the long-term net impact of COVID-19 on mortality, salary increases, and changes in turnover and retirement behavior is difficult to estimate at this time, we have not made any adjustments to the assumptions for the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.



# Section II. Actuarial Certification

This actuarial valuation sets forth our calculation of an estimate of the liabilities of the City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, together with a comparison of these liabilities with the value of the Plan assets, as submitted by the City of Weirton (the City). This calculation and comparison with assets is applicable for the valuation date only. The future is uncertain, and the Plan may become better funded or more poorly funded in the future. This valuation does not provide any guarantee that the Plan will be able to provide the promised benefits in the future.

This is a deterministic valuation in that it is based on a single set of assumptions. This set of assumptions is one possible basis for our calculations. Other assumptions may be equally valid and would produce different results, so that no one projection is uniquely "correct" and many alternative projections of the future could also be regarded as reasonable. The Plan's actual experience will differ from the assumptions; the differences may be significant or material because the results are very sensitive to the assumptions made and, in some cases, to the interaction between the assumptions. We may consider that some factors are not material to the valuation of the Plan and may not provide a specific assumption for those factors. The Plan may have used other assumptions in the past. We will likely consider changes in assumptions at a future date in conjunction with the MPOB.

A "sensitivity analysis" shows the degree to which results would be different if alternative assumptions within the range of possibilities were substituted for those utilized in this report. We have not been engaged to perform such a sensitivity analysis, and thus, the results of such an analysis are not included in this report. At the City's request, Bolton is available to perform such a sensitivity analysis.

The City is responsible for selecting the Plan's funding policy. The MPOB selects the actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions based on the advice of the plan's actuary. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed by the MPOB, in consultation with Bolton, and are described in this report. The MPOB is solely responsible for communicating to Bolton any changes required thereto.

In addition, decisions regarding benefit improvements, benefit changes, the Plan's investment policy, and similar issues should not be based on this valuation. These issues are complex and other factors should be considered when making such decisions. Other factors might include the anticipated vitality of the local economy and future growth expectations, as well as other economic and financial factors.

The cost of this Plan is determined by the benefits promised by the Plan, the Plan's participant population, the investment experience of the Plan and many other factors. An actuarial valuation is a budgeting tool for the City. It does not affect the cost of the Plan. Different funding methods provide for different timing of contributions to the Plan. As the experience of the Plan evolves, it is normal for the level of contributions to the Plan to change. The Plan sponsor is responsible for funding the cost of the Plan. If a contribution is not made for a particular year, either by deliberate choice or because of an error in a calculation, that contribution can be made in later years. We will not be responsible for contributions that are made at a future time rather than an earlier time.

We make every effort to ensure that our calculations are accurately performed. These calculations are complex. Despite our best efforts, we may make a mistake. We reserve the right to correct



any potential errors by amending the results of this report or by including the corrections in a future valuation report.

Because modeling all aspects of a situation is not possible or practical, we may use summary information, estimates, or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events in an efficient and cost-effective manner. We may also exclude factors or data that are immaterial in our judgment. Use of such simplifying techniques does not, in our judgment, affect the reasonableness of valuation results for the Plan.

The valuation was completed using both proprietary and third-party models (including software and tools). We have tested these models to ensure they are used for their intended purposes, within their known limitations, and without any known material inconsistencies unless otherwise stated.

This report is based on Plan provisions, census data, and asset data submitted by the City. We have relied on this information for purposes of preparing this report but have not performed an audit. The accuracy of the results presented in this report is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of the underlying information. The Plan sponsor is solely responsible for the validity and completeness of this information.

The City of Weirton Firemen's Pension Fund Board of Trustees is solely responsible for selecting the Plan's investment policies, asset allocations and individual investments. Bolton's actuaries have not provided any investment advice to the Board.

The information in this report was prepared for the internal use of the MPOB, the West Virginia Legislature's Joint Committee on Pensions and Retirement, the City and their auditors in connection with their review of the City's financial statements and our actuarial valuation of the Plan. It is neither intended nor necessarily suitable for other purposes. Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any other use or the reliance upon this report by any other party.

The calculation of actuarial liabilities for valuation purposes is based on a current estimate of future benefit payments. The calculation includes a computation of the "present value" of those estimated future benefit payments using an assumed discount rate; the higher the discount rate assumption, the lower the estimated liability will be. For purposes of estimating the liabilities (future and accrued) in this report, the MPOB selected an assumption based on the expected long-term rate of return on Plan investments, the funded status (current and projected), and funding policy. Using a lower discount rate assumption, such as a rate based on long-term bond yields, could substantially increase the estimated present value of future and accrued liabilities.

Because valuations are a snapshot in time and are based on estimates and assumptions that are not precise and will differ from actual experience, contribution calculations are inherently imprecise. There is no uniquely "correct" level of Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for the coming Plan year.

This report provides certain financial calculations for use by the City's auditor. These values have been computed in accordance with our understanding of generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and fairly reflect the actuarial position of the Plan. The various actuarial assumptions and methods which have been used are, in our opinion, appropriate for the purposes of this report.

The report is conditioned on the assumption of an ongoing Plan (open or closed plans) and is not meant to present the actuarial position of the Plan in the case of Plan termination. Future actuarial



measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: Plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status), and changes in Plan provisions or applicable law.

The MPOB, Pension Board or the City should notify Bolton promptly after receipt of this report if they disagree with anything contained in the report or is aware of any information that would affect the results of the report that has not been communicated to Bolton or incorporated therein. The report will be deemed final and acceptable unless the MPOB, Pension Board or the City promptly provides such notice to Bolton.

The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services, which could create a conflict of interest that would impair the objectivity of our work.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report and provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Jim Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



# Section III. Normal Cost and Liabilities

#### Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Net Employer Normal Cost as of the valuation date is illustrated below.

| Ne  | t Employer Normal Cost (BOY)          | 7/1/2019      | 7/1/2020      |
|-----|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1.  | Normal Cost                           | \$<br>393,198 | \$<br>408,473 |
| 2.a | . Administrative Expenses (MOY)       | \$<br>2,903   | \$<br>360     |
| 2.b | . Administrative Expenses (BOY)       | \$<br>2,813   | \$<br>349     |
| 3.  | Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)         | \$<br>396,011 | \$<br>408,822 |
| 4.  | Expected Employee Contributions (BOY) | \$<br>90,315  | \$<br>96,356  |
| 5.  | Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.)    | \$<br>305,696 | \$<br>312,466 |
|     | (% of Compensation)                   | 26.77%        | 25.70%        |

#### Projected Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Projected Net Employer Normal Cost as of the first anniversary of the valuation date (i.e. the first day of the contribution year) is illustrated below.

| Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY)        |    |          |               |
|---|----|----------|---------------|
| Valuation Date                                  |    | 7/1/2019 | 7/1/2020      |
| Projection Date                                 |    | 7/1/2020 | 7/1/2021      |
| 1. Projected Normal Cost                        | \$ | N/A      | \$<br>391,463 |
| 2.a. Projected Administrative Expenses (MOY)    | \$ | N/A      | \$<br>369     |
| 2.b. Projected Administrative Expenses (BOY)    | \$ | N/A      | \$<br>358     |
| 3. Projected Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)      | \$ | N/A      | \$<br>391,821 |
| 4. Projected Employee Contributions (BOY)       | \$ | N/A      | \$<br>91,656  |
| 5. Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.) | \$ | N/A      | \$<br>300,165 |
| (% of Compensation)                             |    | N/A      | 26.08%        |



#### Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Below is a summary of the key valuation results.

|  |              |           | 7/1/2019                       |              |           | 7/1/2020                       |
|--|--------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Actuarial Accrued Liability   | <u>Count</u> |           |                                | <u>Count</u> |           |                                |
| a. Active  | 21           | \$        | 6,566,687                      | 20           | \$        | 7,128,937                      |
| b. Retirees  | 17           |           | 8,496,875                      | 18           |           | 8,510,189                      |
| c. Survivors   | 3            |           | 544,845                        | 3            |           | 505,421                        |
| d. Disableds   | 0            |           | 0                              | 0            |           | 0                              |
| e. Deferred Vesteds  | 0            |           | 0                              | 0            |           | 0                              |
| f. Former Members Due Refunds  | 0            |           | 0                              | 0            |           | 0                              |
| w Total  |              | -         |                                |              |           |                                |
| g. Total   | 41           | \$        | 15,608,407                     | 41           | \$        | 16,144,547                     |
| 2. Present Value of Future   | 41           | •         |                                | 41           | •         |                                |
|  | 41           | <b>\$</b> | <b>15,608,407</b><br>3,361,191 | 41           | <b>\$</b> | <b>16,144,547</b><br>3,285,664 |
| 2. Present Value of Future   | 41           | •         | 3,361,191                      | 41           | \$        | 3,285,664                      |
| 2. Present Value of Future<br>Normal Costs   | 41_          | •         |                                | 41           | •         |                                |
| <ol> <li>Present Value of Future<br/>Normal Costs</li> <li>Present Value of Benefits</li> </ol>  | 41           | \$        | 3,361,191                      | 41           | \$        | 3,285,664                      |
| <ol> <li>Present Value of Future<br/>Normal Costs</li> <li>Present Value of Benefits<br/>(1.g. + 2.)</li> </ol>                                    | 41           | \$<br>\$  | 3,361,191<br>18,969,598        | 41           | \$<br>\$  | 3,285,664<br>19,430,211        |
| <ol> <li>Present Value of Future<br/>Normal Costs</li> <li>Present Value of Benefits<br/>(1.g. + 2.)</li> <li>Actuarial Value of Assets</li> </ol> | 41           | \$<br>\$  | 3,361,191<br>18,969,598        | 41           | \$<br>\$  | 3,285,664<br>19,430,211        |

#### Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The development of the Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of the first anniversary of the valuation date (i.e. the first day of the contribution year) is illustrated below.

| Projected Unfunded Actu  | arial Accrued Liability | 7/1/2019 | 7/1/2020        |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| 1. Unfunded Actuarial Act<br>on Valuation Date                         | crued Liability<br>\$   | N/A      | \$<br>3,666,034 |
| 2. Net Employer Normal (<br>Expenses (BOY)                             | Cost, Excluding<br>\$   | N/A      | \$<br>312,117   |
| 3. Expected Expenses (M  | OY) \$                  | N/A      | \$<br>360       |
| 4. Projected Employer Co<br>Year Beginning on the                      |                         | N/A      | \$<br>334,370   |
| 5. Expected Premium Tax<br>Year Beginning on the                       |                         | N/A      | \$<br>265,394   |
| <ol> <li>Projected Unfunded Ac<br/>Liability on Valuation D</li> </ol> |                         | N/A      | \$<br>3,618,153 |

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# Section IV. Determination of City Contributions

Development of Estimated Minimum Required Contribution for Funding

Purposes and Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB Purposes The development of the Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for funding purposes and the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes is illustrated below.

| Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution   | FYE 2021      | FYE 2022      |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| <ol> <li>Projected Gross Normal Cost, Including<br/>Administrative Expenses (BOY)</li> </ol>                | \$<br>396,011 | \$<br>391,821 |
| 2. Projected Employee Contributions (BOY)   | \$<br>90,315  | \$<br>91,656  |
| <ol> <li>Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY)<br/>(1. – 2.)</li> </ol>                                  | \$<br>305,696 | \$<br>300,165 |
| 4. Interest on Normal Cost  | \$<br>9,779   | \$<br>9,601   |
| <ol> <li>Projected Total Employer Normal Cost with<br/>Interest (3. + 4.)</li> </ol>                        | \$<br>315,475 | \$<br>309,766 |
| 6. Amortization of Projected Unfunded Liability   | \$<br>275,477 | \$<br>260,953 |
| 7. Interest on Projected Unfunded Liability Payment   | \$<br>8,812   | \$<br>8,347   |
| 8. Unfunded Liability Payment with Interest (6. + 7.)   | \$<br>284,289 | \$<br>269,300 |
| 9. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation   | \$<br>265,394 | \$<br>255,721 |
| <ol> <li>Unfunded Liability Payment Net of Premium Tax<br/>Allocation (8. – 9., not less than 0)</li> </ol> | \$<br>18,895  | \$<br>13,579  |
| 11. Net Employer Contribution (5. + 10.)  | \$<br>334,370 | \$<br>323,345 |
| 12. Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB<br>Purposes (5. + 8., not less than 0)                     | \$<br>599,764 | \$<br>579,066 |



Schedule of Amortization Bases for Funding and GASB Purposes Below is a schedule of the amortization bases as of July 1, 2021 used to develop the Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for funding purposes and the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes.

| Description                      | Date<br>Established | Remaining<br>Years | Outstanding<br>Amount | Payment /<br>(Credit) |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Initial Unfunded                 | 7/1/2019            | 28.5               | \$<br>3,763,583       | \$<br>275,476         |
| Actuarial (Gain)/Loss            | 7/1/2021            | 15.0               | \$<br>705,353         | \$<br>70,438          |
| Assumption and<br>Method Changes | 7/1/2021            | 15.0               | \$<br>(850,783)       | \$<br>(84,961)        |
| Total                            |                     |                    | \$<br>3,618,153       | \$<br>260,953         |

# Section V. Assets

#### **Asset Allocation**

The table below shows the amount of funds invested in each account as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020.

| Assets Held by Category  |    | June 30, 2019 |    | June 30, 2020 |
|--------------------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|
| Cash and Deposits        | \$ | 239,445       | \$ | 202,565       |
|                          |    |               |    |               |
| Receivables              |    |               |    |               |
| Contributions            | \$ | 0             | \$ | 0             |
| Investment Income        |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| Total Receivables        | \$ | 0             | \$ | 0             |
|                          |    |               |    |               |
| Investment               |    |               |    |               |
| Government Securities    | \$ | 0             | \$ | 0             |
| Fixed Income             |    | 4,287,318     |    | 4,623,659     |
| Equities                 |    | 6,740,614     |    | 7,241,878     |
| Alternative Investments  |    | 488,691       |    | 415,768       |
| Other                    |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| Total Investments        | \$ | 11,516,623    | \$ | 12,281,305    |
| Total Assets             | \$ | 11,756,068    | \$ | 12,483,870    |
| Payables                 |    |               |    |               |
| Investment Expense       | \$ | 0             | \$ | 0             |
| Benefits and Withdrawals | Ŷ  | 0             | Ŷ  | 0             |
| Administrative Expense   |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| Total Payables           | \$ | 0             | \$ | 0             |
|                          |    |               |    |               |
| Net Position             | \$ | 11,756,068    | \$ | 12,483,870    |



## **Reconciliation of Assets**

Below is a reconciliation of assets (unaudited) from July 1, 2018 through June 30,2020.

| Plan Year Ending   |    | June 30, 2019 |    | June 30, 2020 |
|--|----|---------------|----|---------------|
| 1. Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets  | \$ | 10,970,366    | \$ | 11,756,068    |
| Adjustments to Market Value of Assets  |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets   | \$ | 10,970,366    | \$ | 11,756,068    |
| 2. Additions   |    |               |    |               |
| a. Contributions   |    |               |    |               |
| (i) Local Government   | \$ | 400,000       | \$ | 395,103       |
| (ii) State Government  |    | 227,874       |    | 200,481       |
| (iii) Employee   |    | 95,312        |    | 105,687       |
| (iv) Total   |    | 723,186       |    | 701,271       |
| b. Receivable Contributions  |    |               |    |               |
| (i) Local Government   |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| (ii) State Government  |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| (iii) Employee Contributions   | _  | 0             | -  | 0             |
| (iv) Total   |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| c. Earnings on Investments   |    |               |    |               |
| (i) Net Appreciation/(Depreciation)  |    | 162,546       |    | 364,530       |
| (ii) Net Realized Gain (Loss) on   |    |               |    |               |
| Sale/Exchange  |    | 416,764       |    | 177,490       |
| (iii) Interest and Dividends   |    | 247,860       |    | 264,226       |
| (iv) Other Income  |    | (27,729)      |    | (26.209)      |
| <ul><li>(v) Investment Expense</li><li>(vi) Receivable Investment Income</li></ul> |    | (37,728)<br>0 |    | (36,308)      |
| (vii) Payable Investment Expenses  |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| (viii) Net Investment Income   | -  | 789,442       | -  | 769,938       |
| d. Other Revenue   |    | 00,442        |    | 03,330        |
| e. Total Additions   | \$ | 1,512,628     | \$ | 1,471,209     |
| 3. Disbursements   | Ψ  | 1,512,020     | Ψ  | 1,471,203     |
| a. Benefit Payments  | \$ | 726,626       | \$ | 743,005       |
| b. Withdrawals   | Ψ  | 0             | Ψ  | 0             |
| c. Administrative Expenses   |    | Ū             |    | Ŭ             |
| (i) Municipal Fees   |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| (ii) Other Expenses  |    | 300           |    | 402           |
| (iii) Total Administrative Expenses  | -  | 300           |    | 402           |
| d. Payable Benefits and Withdrawals  |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| e. Payable Administrative Expenses   |    | 0             |    | 0             |
| f. Total Disbursements   | \$ | 726,926       | \$ | 743,407       |
| 4. Net Increase (2.e. – 3.f.)  |    | 785,702       |    | 727,802       |
| 5. Net Assets (1. + 4.)  | \$ | 11,756,068    | \$ | 12,483,870    |
| 6. Rate of Return Net of Investment Fees   |    |               |    | , , -         |
| (2I / [A + B – I] Method <sup>2</sup> )  |    | 7.2%          |    | 6.6%          |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A = beginning-of-year market value of assets, B = end-of-year market value of assets, I = investment return during the year



#### (Gain)/Loss on Market Value of Assets for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020

| MVA ( | Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020       |                  |
|-------|--|------------------|
| Mark  | et Value of Assets (MVA)                           |                  |
| a.    | MVA as of 7/1/2019                                 | \$<br>11,756,068 |
| b.    | Interest on a. to 6/30/2020                        | 764,144          |
| C.    | Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2020           | 723,704          |
| d.    | Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2020        | 766,773          |
| e.    | Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2020 | 415              |
| f.    | Expected MVA at 6/30/2020 (a. + b. + c d e.)       | 12,476,728       |
| g.    | Actual MVA at 6/30/2020                            | 12,483,870       |
| h.    | MVA (Gain)/Loss (f g.)                             | (7,142)          |

#### **Development of Actuarial Value of Assets**

The actuarial asset value as of July 1, 2020 is determined by spreading the asset gain or loss for each year over a four-year period. The asset gain or loss is the amount by which the actual asset return differs from the expected asset return on a market-value basis.

|    |                |                |                  |            |    | July 1, 2020       |  |  |
|----|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------|----|--------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Market V       | alue of Assets | 6                |            | \$ | 12,483,870         |  |  |
| 2. | Spreadin       | g of Investme  | nt (Gains)/Losse | S          |    |                    |  |  |
|    | Fiscal<br>Year |                | (Gain)/Loss      | % Deferred |    | Amount<br>Deferred |  |  |
|    | 2020           | \$             | (7,142)          | 75%        | \$ | (5,357)            |  |  |
|    | 2019           |                | 0                | 50%        |    | 0                  |  |  |
|    | 2018           |                | 0                | 25%        |    | 0                  |  |  |
|    | a.             | Total Deferre  | d                |            |    | (5,357)            |  |  |
| 3. | Actuarial      | Value of Asse  | ets (1. + 2.a.)  |            | \$ | 12,478,513         |  |  |
| 4. |                |                |                  |            |    |                    |  |  |

# Section VI. Experience (Gain)/Loss

## Experience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020

| Ex | per | ience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020     | )  |            |
|----|-----|---|----|------------|
| 1. | Lia | bilities  |    |            |
|    | a.  | Actuarial Accrued Liability as of 7/1/2019              | \$ | 15,608,407 |
|    | b.  | Normal Cost as of 7/1/2019                              |    | 393,198    |
|    | C.  | Interest on a. and b. to 6/30/2020                      |    | 1,040,104  |
|    | d.  | Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2020             |    | 766,773    |
|    | e.  | Effect of Assumption Changes                            |    | (791,124)  |
|    | f.  | Expected Liability at 7/1/2020 (a. + b. + c. – d. + e.) |    | 15,483,812 |
|    | g.  | Actual Liability at 7/1/2020                            |    | 16,144,547 |
|    | h.  | Liability (Gain)/Loss (g f.)                            |    | 660,735    |
|    |     |   |    |            |
| 2. |     | tuarial Value of Assets (AVA)                           |    |            |
|    |     | AVA as of 7/1/2019                                      | \$ | 11,756,068 |
|    | b.  | Interest on a. to 6/30/2020                             |    | 764,144    |
|    | c.  | Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2020                |    | 723,704    |
|    | d.  | J   |    | 766,773    |
|    | e.  | Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2020      |    | 415        |
|    | f.  | Expected AVA at 6/30/2020 (a. + b. + c. – d. – e.)      |    | 12,476,728 |
|    | g.  | Actual AVA at 6/30/2020                                 |    | 12,478,513 |
|    | h.  | AVA (Gain)/Loss (f g.)                                  |    | (1,785)    |
| 0  | Τ.  |   | ¢  |            |
| 3. | 10  | tal (Gain)/Loss (1h. + 2h.)                             | \$ | 658,950    |

The gains and losses shown are only for liability and asset gains and losses. Any change in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability from funding more or less than needed to cover Normal Cost and interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is a separate amount.



# Section VII. Risk Measures

#### **Risk Measures**

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan.

| Risk Measure                      | July 1,<br>2018 | July 1,<br>2019 | July 1,<br>2020 | Conservative<br>Measures |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL | 57.3%           | 57.9%           | 55.8%           | <50%                     |
| Assets (MVA) to Payroll           | 8.7             | 10.0            | 9.9             | <5                       |
| Liabilities to Payroll            | 12.0            | 13.2            | 12.9            | <5                       |
| Benefit Payments to Contributions | 0.9             | 1.0             | 1.1             | <3                       |

The current *Assets to Payroll* of 9.9 indicates that a 1% asset gain/loss is about 9.9% of the annual payroll. Similarly, the current *Liabilities to Payroll* of 12.9 indicates that a 1% change in liability is about 12.9% of the annual payroll.

The use of payroll in these risk measures is generally an easily available substitute for the employer's revenue and often reflects the employer's ability to afford the plan. However, this plan is closed to new entrants, and thus, the payroll figure used in these metrics generally does not align with revenue as it represents only current active members (as of July 1, 2020) who were hired prior to adopting the Optional funding policy.

If the plan or employer were interested in doing more quantitative assessments of risks, the following are examples of analyses that could be performed:

- Scenario Test: A process for assessing the impact of one possible event, or several simultaneously or sequentially occurring possible events, on a plan's financial condition. For example, the effect of a layoff or reduction in workforce, or early retirement program.
- Sensitivity Test: A process for assessing the impact of a change in an actuarial assumption on an actuarial measurement. This could be a decrease in the valuation discount rate or a change in future life expectancies.
- Stochastic Modeling: A process for generating numerous potential outcomes by allowing for random variations in one or more inputs over time for the purpose of assessing the distribution of those outcomes. This analysis could show a range of potential future contribution levels and the likelihood of contributions increasing to a certain level.
- Stress Test: A process for assessing the impact of adverse changes in one or relatively few factors affecting a plan's financial condition. For example, a stress test could show the impact of a single year or period of several years with significant investment losses.

# Section VIII. Projections

## Table 1 – 40-Year Projection of Optional Funding

|                     | Numbe  | r (BOY)        |              |                     |          |                      | Assets               |                              |                      |              |              |                                   |                       |                                    |                 |
|---------------------|--------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Year End<br>June 30 | Active | Non-<br>Active | MVA<br>(BOY) | Benefit<br>Payments | Expenses | Employer<br>Contrib. | Employee<br>Contrib. | Premium<br>Tax<br>Allocation | Investment<br>Income | MVA<br>(EOY) | AVA<br>(EOY) | Actuarial<br>Accrued<br>Liability | Unfunded<br>Liability | Projected<br>Unfunded<br>Liability | Funded<br>Ratio |
| 2020                | 21     | 20             | \$11,756,068 | \$743,005           | \$402    | \$395,103            | \$105,687            | \$200,481                    | \$769,938            | \$12,483,870 | \$12,478,513 | \$16,144,547                      | \$3,666,034           | \$3,618,153                        | 77.29%          |
| 2021                | 20     | 21             | \$12,483,870 | \$836,218           | \$360    | \$334,370            | \$99,438             | \$265,394                    | \$807,057            | \$13,153,551 | \$13,149,980 | \$16,765,999                      | \$3,616,019           | \$3,573,146                        | 78.43%          |
| 2022                | 18     | 23             | \$13,153,551 | \$880,784           | \$369    | \$323,345            | \$94,588             | \$255,721                    | \$848,343            | \$13,794,395 | \$13,792,610 | \$17,363,738                      | \$3,571,128           | \$3,525,577                        | 79.43%          |
| 2023                | 17     | 24             | \$13,794,395 | \$929,412           | \$378    | \$305,525            | \$89,000             | \$257,562                    | \$887,752            | \$14,404,444 | \$14,404,444 | \$17,928,120                      | \$3,523,676           | \$3,475,270                        | 80.35%          |
| 2024                | 15     | 24             | \$14,404,444 | \$993,581           | \$369    | \$270,030            | \$82,078             | \$268,403                    | \$924,343            | \$14,955,348 | \$14,955,348 | \$18,430,618                      | \$3,475,270           | \$3,417,879                        | 81.14%          |
| 2025                | 14     | 25             | \$14,955,348 | \$1,017,114         | \$378    | \$261,428            | \$78,957             | \$274,503                    | \$959,219            | \$15,511,963 | \$15,511,963 | \$18,929,842                      | \$3,417,879           | \$3,350,305                        | 81.94%          |
| 2026                | 14     | 26             | \$15,511,963 | \$1,064,037         | \$397    | \$245,773            | \$73,804             | \$280,755                    | \$993,432            | \$16,041,293 | \$16,041,293 | \$19,391,598                      | \$3,350,305           | \$3,271,149                        | 82.72%          |
| 2027                | 12     | 27             | \$16,041,293 | \$1,131,541         | \$397    | \$218,601            | \$66,185             | \$287,721                    | \$1,024,789          | \$16,506,651 | \$16,506,651 | \$19,777,800                      | \$3,271,149           | \$3,178,082                        | 83.46%          |
| 2028                | 11     | 27             | \$16,506,651 | \$1,168,488         | \$396    | \$202,662            | \$61,420             | \$296,215                    | \$1,053,465          | \$16,951,529 | \$16,951,529 | \$20,129,611                      | \$3,178,082           | \$3,070,744                        | 84.21%          |
| 2029                | 10     | 28             | \$16,951,529 | \$1,212,548         | \$406    | \$181,158            | \$55,680             | \$304,183                    | \$1,080,355          | \$17,359,951 | \$17,359,951 | \$20,430,695                      | \$3,070,744           | \$2,947,068                        | 84.97%          |
| 2030                | 9      | 28             | \$17,359,951 | \$1,269,325         | \$405    | \$151,930            | \$48,714             | \$313,254                    | \$1,104,219          | \$17,708,338 | \$17,708,338 | \$20,655,406                      | \$2,947,068           | \$2,807,930                        | 85.73%          |
| 2031                | 8      | 29             | \$17,708,338 | \$1,309,823         | \$415    | \$128,502            | \$43,178             | \$320,447                    | \$1,124,872          | \$18,015,099 | \$18,015,099 | \$20,823,029                      | \$2,807,930           | \$2,652,141                        | 86.52%          |
| 2032                | 7      | 29             | \$18,015,099 | \$1,315,834         | \$414    | \$123,207            | \$41,266             | \$327,819                    | \$1,144,624          | \$18,335,767 | \$18,335,767 | \$20,987,908                      | \$2,652,141           | \$2,477,516                        | 87.36%          |
| 2033                | 6      | 29             | \$18,335,767 | \$1,320,631         | \$413    | \$117,807            | \$39,150             | \$336,257                    | \$1,165,344          | \$18,673,281 | \$18,673,281 | \$21,150,797                      | \$2,477,516           | \$2,281,101                        | 88.29%          |
| 2034                | 6      | 29             | \$18,673,281 | \$1,342,201         | \$423    | \$106,710            | \$34,964             | \$346,373                    | \$1,186,427          | \$19,005,131 | \$19,005,131 | \$21,286,232                      | \$2,281,101           | \$2,062,184                        | 89.28%          |
| 2035                | 5      | 30             | \$19,005,131 | \$1,386,552         | \$434    | \$85,001             | \$27,642             | \$355,807                    | \$1,205,951          | \$19,292,546 | \$19,292,546 | \$21,354,730                      | \$2,062,184           | \$1,808,755                        | 90.34%          |
| 2036                | 4      | 30             | \$19,292,546 | \$1,435,342         | \$432    | \$59,796             | \$19,339             | \$375,461                    | \$1,222,629          | \$19,533,997 | \$19,533,997 | \$21,342,752                      | \$1,808,755           | \$1,525,616                        | 91.53%          |
| 2037                | 2      | 31             | \$19,533,997 | \$1,454,294         | \$430    | \$46,859             | \$14,787             | \$388,288                    | \$1,237,568          | \$19,766,775 | \$19,766,775 | \$21,292,391                      | \$1,525,616           | \$1,214,776                        | 92.83%          |
| 2038                | 2      | 31             | \$19,766,775 | \$1,471,614         | \$441    | \$35,081             | \$10,733             | \$397,296                    | \$1,251,926          | \$19,989,756 | \$19,989,756 | \$21,204,532                      | \$1,214,776           | \$864,147                          | 94.27%          |
| 2039                | 1      | 31             | \$19,989,756 | \$1,493,121         | \$438    | \$19,690             | \$5,799              | \$416,273                    | \$1,265,689          | \$20,203,648 | \$20,203,648 | \$21,067,795                      | \$864,147             | \$480,738                          | 95.90%          |
| 2040                | 1      | 31             | \$20,203,648 | \$1,489,777         | \$449    | \$15,087             | \$4,206              | \$425,953                    | \$1,279,810          | \$20,438,478 | \$20,438,478 | \$20,919,216                      | \$480,738             | \$62,167                           | 97.70%          |
| 2041                | 0      | 30             | \$20,438,478 | \$1,491,479         | \$431    | \$6,939              | \$1,837              | \$435,876                    | \$1,295,001          | \$20,686,221 | \$20,686,221 | \$20,748,388                      | \$62,167              | -                                  | 99.70%          |
| 2042                | 0      | 30             | \$20,686,221 | \$1,477,523         | \$442    | \$5,550              | \$1,380              | \$64,155                     | \$1,299,601          | \$20,578,942 | \$20,578,942 | \$20,578,942                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2043                | 0      | 29             | \$20,578,942 | \$1,461,426         | \$438    | \$4,451              | \$1,038              | -                            | \$1,291,044          | \$20,413,611 | \$20,413,611 | \$20,413,611                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2044                | 0      | 29             | \$20,413,611 | \$1,444,944         | \$449    | \$2,648              | \$570                | -                            | \$1,280,752          | \$20,252,188 | \$20,252,188 | \$20,252,188                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2045                | 0      | 28             | \$20,252,188 | \$1,425,013         | \$444    | \$1,712              | \$314                | -                            | \$1,270,859          | \$20,099,616 | \$20,099,616 | \$20,099,616                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2046                | 0      | 27             | \$20,099,616 | \$1,402,381         | \$439    | \$1,112              | \$171                | -                            | \$1,261,643          | \$19,959,722 | \$19,959,722 | \$19,959,722                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2047                | 0      | 27             | \$19,959,722 | \$1,376,974         | \$450    | \$978                | \$129                | -                            | \$1,253,356          | \$19,836,761 | \$19,836,761 | \$19,836,761                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2048                | 0      | 26             | \$19,836,761 | \$1,350,244         | \$444    | \$444                | -                    | -                            | \$1,246,197          | \$19,732,714 | \$19,732,714 | \$19,732,714                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2049                | 0      | 25             | \$19,732,714 | \$1,320,366         | \$438    | \$438                | -                    | -                            | \$1,240,390          | \$19,652,738 | \$19,652,738 | \$19,652,738                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2050                | 0      | 24             | \$19,652,738 | \$1,288,324         | \$431    | \$431                | -                    | -                            | \$1,236,217          | \$19,600,631 | \$19,600,631 | \$19,600,631                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2051                | 0      | 24             | \$19,600,631 | \$1,254,161         | \$442    | \$442                | -                    | -                            | \$1,233,922          | \$19,580,392 | \$19,580,392 | \$19,580,392                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2052                | 0      | 23             | \$19,580,392 | \$1,218,005         | \$434    | \$433                | -                    | -                            | \$1,233,764          | \$19,596,150 | \$19,596,150 | \$19,596,150                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2053                | 0      | 22             | \$19,596,150 | \$1,180,104         | \$426    | \$425                | -                    | -                            | \$1,236,001          | \$19,652,046 | \$19,652,046 | \$19,652,046                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2054                | 0      | 21             | \$19,652,046 | \$1,140,662         | \$417    | \$417                | -                    | -                            | \$1,240,895          | \$19,752,279 | \$19,752,279 | \$19,752,279                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2055                | 0      | 20             | \$19,752,279 | \$1,099,972         | \$407    | \$407                | -                    | -                            | \$1,248,712          | \$19,901,019 | \$19,901,019 | \$19,901,019                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2056                | 0      | 19             | \$19,901,019 | \$1,058,289         | \$396    | \$395                | -                    | -                            | \$1,259,714          | \$20,102,443 | \$20,102,443 | \$20,102,443                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2057                | 0      | 19             | \$20,102,443 | \$1,015,838         | \$406    | \$406                | -                    | -                            | \$1,274,164          | \$20,360,769 | \$20,360,769 | \$20,360,769                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2058                | 0      | 18             | \$20,360,769 | \$972,814           | \$394    | \$393                | -                    | -                            | \$1,292,332          | \$20,680,286 | \$20,680,286 | \$20,680,286                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2059                | 0      | 17             | \$20,680,286 | \$929,416           | \$381    | \$381                | -                    | -                            | \$1,314,488          | \$21,065,358 | \$21,065,358 | \$21,065,358                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2060                | 0      | 16             | \$21,065,358 | \$885,830           | \$368    | \$368                | -                    | -                            | \$1,340,912          | \$21,520,440 | \$21,520,440 | \$21,520,440                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |
| 2061                | 0      | 15             | \$21,520,440 | \$842,234           | \$354    | \$354                | -                    | -                            | \$1,371,887          | \$22,050,093 | \$22,050,093 | \$22,050,093                      | -                     | -                                  | 100.00%         |

## Table 1 – 40-Year Projection of Optional Funding (Cont.)

|  | < |
|--|---|

|                     |               | Employer Contributions     |                      |                                |                             |                         |                                      |                           |                              |          |                               |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Year End<br>June 30 | Total Payroll | Employee<br>Contrib. (BOY) | Gross Normal<br>Cost | Interest on Net<br>Normal Cost | Net Employer<br>Normal Cost | Amortization of<br>UAAL | Mid-Year Interest<br>on Amortization | Premium Tax<br>Allocation | Net Employer<br>Amortization | Expenses | Optional Employer<br>Contrib. |
| 2022                | \$1,187,915   | \$91,656                   | \$391,463            | \$9,590                        | \$309,397                   | \$260,953               | \$8,347                              | \$255,721                 | \$13,579                     | \$369    | \$323,345                     |
| 2023                | \$1,110,408   | \$86,241                   | \$370,781            | \$9,102                        | \$293,642                   | \$260,727               | \$8,340                              | \$257,562                 | \$11,505                     | \$378    | \$305,525                     |
| 2024                | \$1,013,794   | \$79,534                   | \$340,408            | \$8,345                        | \$269,219                   | \$260,512               | \$8,333                              | \$268,403                 | \$442                        | \$369    | \$270,030                     |
| 2025                | \$971,348     | \$76,510                   | \$329,468            | \$8,092                        | \$261,050                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$274,503                 | -                            | \$378    | \$261,428                     |
| 2026                | \$898,968     | \$71,516                   | \$309,286            | \$7,606                        | \$245,376                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$280,755                 | -                            | \$397    | \$245,773                     |
| 2027                | \$792,210     | \$64,133                   | \$275,573            | \$6,764                        | \$218,204                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$287,721                 | -                            | \$397    | \$218,601                     |
| 2028                | \$725,699     | \$59,516                   | \$255,512            | \$6,270                        | \$202,266                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$296,215                 | -                            | \$396    | \$202,662                     |
| 2029                | \$645,212     | \$53,954                   | \$229,103            | \$5,603                        | \$180,752                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$304,183                 | -                            | \$406    | \$181,158                     |
| 2030                | \$547,057     | \$47,204                   | \$194,032            | \$4,697                        | \$151,525                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$313,254                 | -                            | \$405    | \$151,930                     |
| 2031                | \$468,955     | \$41,840                   | \$165,957            | \$3,970                        | \$128,087                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$320,447                 | -                            | \$415    | \$128,502                     |
| 2032                | \$444,732     | \$39,987                   | \$158,974            | \$3,806                        | \$122,793                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$327,819                 | -                            | \$414    | \$123,207                     |
| 2033                | \$419,909     | \$37,936                   | \$151,691            | \$3,639                        | \$117,394                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$336,257                 | -                            | \$413    | \$117,807                     |
| 2034                | \$373,495     | \$33,880                   | \$136,872            | \$3,295                        | \$106,287                   | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$346,373                 | -                            | \$423    | \$106,710                     |
| 2035                | \$292,459     | \$26,785                   | \$108,731            | \$2,621                        | \$84,567                    | \$260,310               | \$8,327                              | \$355,807                 | -                            | \$434    | \$85,001                      |
| 2036                | \$203,741     | \$18,740                   | \$76,264             | \$1,840                        | \$59,364                    | \$260,313               | \$8,327                              | \$375,461                 | -                            | \$432    | \$59,796                      |
| 2037                | \$155,880     | \$14,329                   | \$59,319             | \$1,439                        | \$46,429                    | \$274,833               | \$8,791                              | \$388,288                 | -                            | \$430    | \$46,859                      |
| 2038                | \$112,575     | \$10,400                   | \$43,966             | \$1,074                        | \$34,640                    | \$275,060               | \$8,799                              | \$397,296                 | -                            | \$441    | \$35,081                      |
| 2039                | \$60,879      | \$5,619                    | \$24,274             | \$597                          | \$19,252                    | \$275,274               | \$8,806                              | \$416,273                 | -                            | \$438    | \$19,690                      |
| 2040                | \$44,159      | \$4,076                    | \$18,260             | \$454                          | \$14,638                    | \$275,476               | \$8,812                              | \$425,953                 | -                            | \$449    | \$15,087                      |
| 2041                | \$19,287      | \$1,780                    | \$8,086              | \$202                          | \$6,508                     | \$275,476               | \$8,812                              | \$435,876                 | -                            | \$431    | \$6,939                       |
| 2042                | \$14,495      | \$1,337                    | \$6,287              | \$158                          | \$5,108                     | \$275,476               | \$8,812                              | \$64,155                  | \$220,133                    | \$442    | \$5,550                       |
| 2043                | \$10,906      | \$1,006                    | \$4,894              | \$124                          | \$4,012                     | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$438    | \$4,451                       |
| 2044                | \$5,982       | \$552                      | \$2,683              | \$68                           | \$2,199                     | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$449    | \$2,648                       |
| 2045                | \$3,298       | \$304                      | \$1,533              | \$39                           | \$1,268                     | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$444    | \$1,712                       |
| 2046                | \$1,801       | \$166                      | \$819                | \$21                           | \$674                       | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$439    | \$1,112                       |
| 2047                | \$1,352       | \$125                      | \$637                | \$16                           | \$528                       | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$450    | \$978                         |
| 2048                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$444    | \$444                         |
| 2049                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$438    | \$438                         |
| 2050                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$431    | \$431                         |
| 2051                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$442    | \$442                         |
| 2052                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$434    | \$433                         |
| 2053                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$426    | \$425                         |
| 2054                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$417    | \$417                         |
| 2055                | -             |                            | -                    | -                              |                             | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$407    | \$407                         |
| 2056                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$396    | \$395                         |
| 2057                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$406    | \$406                         |
| 2058                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$394    | \$393                         |
| 2059                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$381    | \$381                         |
| 2060                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$368    | \$368                         |
| 2061                | -             | -                          | -                    | -                              | -                           | -                       | -                                    | -                         | -                            | \$354    | \$354                         |
|                     |               |                            |                      |                                |                             |                         |                                      |                           |                              |          |                               |



# Section IX. Participant Information

Participant Summary The following table summarizes the counts, ages and benefit information for plan participants used in the prior and current valuations.

|                          | July 1, 2019  | July 1, 2020  |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. Actives               |               |               |
| a. Number                | 21            | 20            |
| b. Average Age           | 45.2          | 45.5          |
| c. Average Service       | 14.0          | 14.1          |
| d. Average Salary        | \$<br>61,130  | \$<br>68,100  |
| 2. Retirees              |               |               |
| a. Number                | 17            | 18            |
| b. Average Age           | 69.3          | 69.7          |
| c. Total Annual Benefits | \$<br>664,196 | \$<br>727,451 |
| 3. Survivors             |               |               |
| a. Number                | 3             | 3             |
| b. Average Age           | 68.8          | 69.8          |
| c. Total Annual Benefits | \$<br>39,470  | \$<br>40,180  |
| 4. Disableds             |               |               |
| a. Number                | 0             | 0             |
| b. Average Age           | N/A           | N/A           |
| c. Total Annual Benefits | \$<br>N/A     | \$<br>N/A     |
| 5. Deferred Vesteds      |               |               |
| a. Number                | 0             | 0             |
| b. Average Age           | N/A           | N/A           |
| c. Total Annual Benefits | \$<br>N/A     | \$<br>N/A     |
| 6. Members Owed Refunds  |               |               |
| a. Number                | 0             | 0             |
| b. Average Age           | N/A           | N/A           |
| c. Total Refunds Owed    | \$<br>N/A     | \$<br>N/A     |

Active Age/Service Distribution Including Compensation Shown below is the age and service distribution of active participants in the City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. The compensation shown is the average projected pay for the plan year beginning July 1, 2020.

|          | 0-4    | 5-9    | 10-14       | 15-19       | 20-24  | 25-29  | 30 & Up | Total  |
|----------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| Under 25 | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | -      |
|          | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | -      |
| 25 - 29  | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | -      |
|          | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | -      |
| 30 - 34  | -      | 2      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | 2      |
|          | -      | 48,035 | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | 48,035 |
| 35 - 39  | 1      | 3      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | 4      |
|          | 68,101 | 61,736 | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | 63,327 |
| 40 - 44  | -      | 1      | 1           | 1           | -      | -      | -       | 3      |
|          | -      | 56,762 | 70,078      | 76,970      | -      | -      | -       | 67,937 |
| 45 - 49  | -      | 1      | 1           | 1           | -      | 1      | -       | 4      |
|          | -      | 62,555 | 60,289      | 83,178      | -      | 79,398 | -       | 71,355 |
| 50 - 54  | -      | · -    | 2           | 2           | 1      | -      | -       | 5      |
|          | -      | -      | 76,718      | 72,621      | 76,431 | -      | -       | 75,022 |
| 55 - 59  | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | 1      | -       | 1      |
|          | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | 77,971 | -       | 77,971 |
| 60 - 64  | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | 1      | -       | 1      |
|          | _      | -      | -           | -           | -      | 70,303 | -       | 70,303 |
| 65 & Up  | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | -,     | -       |        |
|          | -      | -      | -           | -           | -      | -      | -       | -      |
| Totals   | 1      | 7      | 4           | 4           | 1      | 3      | _       | 20     |
| Totals   | 68,101 | 57,228 | -<br>70,951 | -<br>76,348 | 76,431 | 75,891 | _       | 68,100 |

Credited Service as of July 1, 2020

| Aver    | ages |
|---------|------|
| Age     | 45.5 |
| Service | 14.1 |

Participant Reconciliation Shown below is the reconciliation of participants between the prior and current valuation date.

|                             |         |          |           |           | Deferred | Due    |       |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------|-------|
|                             | Actives | Retirees | Survivors | Disableds | Vesteds  | Refund | Total |
| Participants as of 7/1/2019 | 21      | 17       | 3         | -         | -        | -      | 41    |
| New                         | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Rehired                     | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Terminated - Vested         | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Terminated - Nonvested      | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Disabled                    | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Retired                     | (1)     | 1        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Paid Refund                 | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Payments Expired            | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Deceased - No Survivor      | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Deceased - With Survivor    | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| New Beneficiary             | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| New QDRO                    | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Corrections                 | -       | -        | -         | -         | -        | -      | -     |
| Participants as of 7/1/2020 | 20      | 18       | 3         | -         | -        | -      | 41    |

# Section X. Summary of Plan Provisions



Plan Year

July 1 – June 30.

#### Eligibility to Participate

All compensated employees of the relevant Fire or Police Department are eligible to participate in the Firemen's or Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (Plan). If the fund uses the Optional or Conservation funding policies, only members hired prior to the date of the change to either one of these policies are eligible to participate in the Plan.

#### **Credited Service**

The number of years that the member has contributed to the employees' retirement and benefit fund.

Absence from service because of sickness or injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed as time out of service.

*Military Service* — Any current member who has been on qualified military service in the armed forces of the United States with an honorable discharge may, within six months from his or her date of discharge, be given credit for continuous service in the paid police or fire department.

A member may receive retirement eligibility service (i.e. eligibility towards the 20 years of service for normal retirement) for qualified military service only if the military service was prior to November 18, 2009 or the member repays, without interest, member assessments that were missed during the period of military service.

Any member who has served in active duty with the armed forces of the United States, whether prior to or subsequent to becoming a member of a paid police or fire department, shall receive an additional 1% of Average Annual Compensation for each full continuous year so served in active military duty, up to a maximum of an additional 4%.

#### Average Annual Compensation

The average of the three twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment in which the member received the highest salary or compensation. While the months in each twelve-month period need to be consecutive, the three "twelve-consecutive-month periods" do not need to be consecutive.

Each twelve-consecutive-month annual compensation is limited to 120% of the *Average Adjusted Salary*, which is the average of the Adjusted Salary for the two consecutive twelve-consecutive-month periods immediately preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used in determining benefits.

The *Adjusted Salary* for any preceding year is the respective preceding year total salary multiplied by the ratio of base salary of the year used in determining benefits to the base salary from the respective preceding year. A preceding year is either the "year one" which is the second twelve consecutive month period preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits or "year two" which is the twelve-consecutive-month period



immediate preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits.

#### **Employee Contributions**

Participating employees hired before January 1, 2010: 7.00% of compensation. Participating employees hired on or after January 1, 2010: 9.50% of compensation.

#### **Employer Contributions**

The municipality has elected to contribute the minimum employer contribution under the Optional funding policy.

#### Normal Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible at the earlier of age 50 with 20 years of credited service or age 65.

#### Normal Retirement Benefit

The annual retirement benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of average annual compensation, for service up to 20 years; not less than \$6,000
- 2% for each year of service between 20 and 25 years
- 1% for each year of service between 25 and 30 years
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional 1% of average annual compensation for each year of military service up to four years.

The maximum benefit is limited to 75% of average annual compensation.

#### Normal Form

Life annuity with a 60% spouse's survivor benefit. The benefit payable to the spouse as of the member's date of death is determined by taking 60% of the member's benefit at the member's retirement date and indexing that amount to the date of death using the COLA methodology described in the Cost of Living Adjustment section below. No other optional forms are allowed under the Plan.

#### **Disability Retirement Eligibility**

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if disability is service related. Disability is defined in WV Code §8-22-23a as the inability to perform adequately the job duties required of the member, as described in the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard 1582's Chapter 9 Essential Job Tasks - Specific Evaluations of Medical Conditions in Members.

#### **Disability Retirement Benefit**

The monthly disability benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of monthly salary at disability, but not less than \$500, plus
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional benefit of 1% of monthly salary at disability for each year of military service up to four years.

Disability benefits, when aggregated with monthly state workers compensation benefits, shall not exceed 100% of the member's monthly compensation at the time of disability. For permanent disabilities, the benefit is paid for life, while for temporary disabilities, the benefit is paid during the disability period not to exceed four 26-week periods.



Ordinary (non line-of-duty) disability pensions are offset by \$1 per every \$3 of other income. There is no offset if total other income is \$18,200 (as of 2020, indexed by state minimum wage for years after 2020) or less.

#### **Termination Benefits**

Any member who terminates employment prior to retirement and has at least 20 years of credited service will be entitled to a pension benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit commencing at age 50.

**Refunds:** Any member who terminates from their department with fewer than 20 years of credited service and prior to age 65 shall be refunded all deductions made from his salary, without interest. Any member who receives such a refund and subsequently wishes to reenter (available only if the municipal plan is still open as of such date) the department must repay to the pension fund all sums refunded with interest at the rate of 8% per annum.

#### **Death Benefit Eligibilty**

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if death is service related. Retirees and terminated vested participants are also eligible.

#### **Death Benefit**

For surviving spouses, this benefit is equal to 60% of the participant's benefit at the participant's date of retirement and is indexed for cost-of-living adjustments through the commencement date of this death benefit (and annually each July thereafter) using the methodology outlined in the *Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)* subsection below. This benefit may not be less than \$300 per month and is payable to the spouse until death or remarriage.

Other dependents (children, parents, brothers and sisters) are also eligible for death benefits. Similar to the death benefit payable to a surviving spouse, these death benefits are derived at the participant's date of retirement and indexed for COLAs. To each dependent:

- Child: 20% of the participant's benefit until the child attains age 18 or marries; for a disabled child, payments continue beyond age 18 if the child remains disabled.
- Orphaned child: 25% of the participant's benefit until the child attains age 18 or marries; for a disabled orphaned child, payments continue beyond age 18 if the child remains disabled.
- Parent: 10% of the participant's benefit for life.
- Sibling: the sum of fifty dollars per month (but a total not to exceed \$100 per month) until such individual attains the age of age 18 or marries.

The total amount, derived as the participant's date of retirement, of all benefits payable to survivors cannot exceed the amount of the participant's benefit at the participant's date of retirement. Due to the COLA methodology, the sum of the benefits payable to survivors as of any time after the participant's date of retirement *may*, in some circumstances, exceed the participant's benefit amount. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be reduced below 65 percent of the total amount paid to all dependents.



#### Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)

If a plan meets the criteria outlined in the *Supplemental Benefit Eligibility* subsection within *Section I. Executive Summary*, then all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, and disability pensioners shall be granted automatic cost-of-living benefits commencing on the first day of July following two years of retirement. The benefits equal the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, limited to 4% (2% for some disability retirees), multiplied by the sum of the allowable amount, which is the first \$15,000 of the total annual benefits paid and the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. The consumer price index currently used to determine the supplemental benefit is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

Changes in Plan Provisions Since Prior Valuation None.



# Section XI. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

### Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial valuation uses the Entry Age Normal cost method calculated on an individual basis with level percentage of pay normal cost. Past service liability is allocated from the imputed date of hire, taking into account transferred and purchased service.

#### West Virginia Funding Policies

Under West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1), there are four funding policies available for plan sponsors. Those funding policies are summarized below:

- Standard Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal the net employer normal cost, plus an amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. Prior to the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was amortized over a single, closed period of 40-years from July 1, 1991, using level dollar amortization (10.0 years remaining as of July 1, 2020). Beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2019 continues to be amortized over that same closed, decreasing period but new bases will be amortized using a layered approach with the following initial amortization periods when each base is created:
  - o Experience gains and losses: 15 years
  - Assumption changes: 15 years
  - Plan changes: 5 years

The Standard funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.

• Alternative Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal 107% of the prior year's employer contribution. The State premium tax allocation is contributed in addition to the employer contributions.

The Alternative funding policy is <u>not consistent</u> with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice because the policy does not reflect emerging experience gains and losses and may not produce an actuarially sound pattern of contributions or funded ratio.

• **Optional Funding Policy**: Allows plan sponsors using either the Standard funding policy or Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the Plan on an actuarially determined basis. The actuarially determined employer contribution is equal to the net employer normal cost, plus a level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year. The closed amortization period as of July 1, 2020 is 10.0 years for sponsors who previously used the Standard funding policy and 28.5 years for sponsors who previously used the Alternative funding policy. Beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2019 continues to be amortized over those same closed, decreasing periods but new bases will be amortized using a layered approach using the same amortization periods as those used in the Standard Funding Policy listed above.



For plans that switch to the Optional Funding policy on or after the July 1, 2020 valuation, the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability prior to any assumption changes or plan changes that became effective during the year ending on the valuation date will be amortized over the maximum of 15 years and the remaining period described above (10.0 years for sponsors who previously used the Standard funding policy and 28.5 years for sponsors who previously used the Alternative funding policy).

Members hired after the adoption date of the Optional funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – The Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).

The Optional funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.

 Conservation Funding Policy: Allows plan sponsors using the Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the plan on a pay-asyou-go basis. Sponsors using the Conservation funding policy are required to assign a portion of the State premium tax allocation and member contributions to an accumulation account that is projected to grow to 100% of the remaining actuarial liabilities at the end of a 35-year projection period.

Members hired after the adoption date of the Conservation funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – MPFRS.

The Conservation funding policy is <u>not consistent</u> with generally accepted actuarial principles.

This Plan is valued using the **Optional** funding policy.

#### Amortization Method for GASB

|  | Amortization Policies   |
|--|---|
| Standard and Optional<br>Funding Policies        | Same as for funding purposes (described above)  |
| Alternative and Conservation<br>Funding Policies | The methodology used for plans that switch to the Optional funding policy on or after July 1, 2020 for funding purposes (described above) |

#### **Basis for Selection of Actuarial Methods**

While the funding policies and funding amortization methodology are defined in the West Virginia Code, the following actuarial methods used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of Bolton's 2020 *Actuarial Methods Recommendation Report*. These actuarial methods are, in the opinion of the actuaries signing this report, reasonable for the intended purpose.

#### Asset Method

Actuarial Value of Assets using four-year smoothing. Returns on the average market value of assets above or below the assumed rate of return are gradually recognized using straight-line amortization over a four-year period.



#### **Roll-Forward Method**

For the actuarially-based funding policies (Standard and Optional), valuation results are rolled forward one year to align the contribution calculation with the contribution year:

- To develop the projected unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), the UAAL on the valuation date is increased by the employer normal cost (which is net of employee contributions) and expected expenses, both with interest, and decreased by the expected employer contribution, including the premium tax allocation, for the fiscal year beginning on the valuation date, with interest.
- The projected normal cost for the contribution year is derived using a valuation software projection (open-group projection for plans open to new entrants and closed-group projection for plans closed to new entrants).

#### **Projection Methods**

The projections of future assets, liabilities, funded status and contributions are based on the following assumptions:

- Compensation will increase and members will leave the active workforce according to the actuarial valuation assumptions.
- For closed group projections, new hires that replace active members who retire, terminate, die or become disabled are not assumed to enter the Plan.
- The sponsor contributes the amount determined by the applicable funding policy each year.
- For plans that are less than 100% funded as of the valuation date, the contribution during the projection period is capped at the amount needed to achieve and maintain a funded status of 100%.
- Assets grow at the assumed rate of return (discount rate).
- Non-vested members receive a refund of their accumulated employee contribution account balance during the year in which they terminate.



#### **Premium Tax Allocation**

The premium tax allocation is projected using the following methodology:

- The Base Allocation is a fixed amount equal to \$8,709,689 in all future years. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible members, which includes active members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the statewide plan, Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System ("MPFRS"). We assume that the percentage of eligible members of the Pension and Relief Fund and MPFRS for a single municipal plan (e.g. Weirton Fire) to the total eligible members for all municipalities remains constant throughout the projection period.
- The Excess Allocation is equal to the excess of the current year premium tax assigned to all Pension and Relief Funds over the total Base Allocation. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible active and retired members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the MPFRS.
- We have assumed all Pension and Relief Funds will make the minimum statutory contribution requirement and will receive 100% of the total allocation assigned to the individual plan until they are 100% funded. Once a plan attains a funded ratio of at least 100%, the premium tax that would have been allocated to the plan had the funded ratio been lower than 100% is reallocated in subsequent years to all remaining plans that are less than 100% funded.
- The total available premium tax allocation, net of expenses, as of September 1, 2021, includes a Base Allocation of \$8,709,689, an Excess Allocation of \$10,792,704, and an Expired Premium Tax Allocation of \$325,849.
- For the plan year ending June 30, 2021, all Pension and Relief Funds reported a total of 1,721.23 eligible active members and 2,207.00 eligible retired members. The City of Weirton Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund reported 24.75 eligible active members and 21.33 eligible retired members, based on the average number of plan participants for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2021. The Fund is eligible to receive a premium tax allocation of \$255,721.08 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- The total premium tax allocation is assumed to increase by 2.50% in calendar years ending on and after 2022.

#### **Basis for Selection of Actuarial Assumptions**

Unless otherwise noted the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of an actuarial experience study prepared in 2020 covering the period July 1, 2014 through July 1, 2017. These assumptions are, in the opinion of the actuaries signing this report, reasonable for the intended purpose.

#### **Discount Rate**

The following table outlines the factors used to determine the discount rate:

| Discount Rate Matrix for Plans Not Investing with the IMB |                     |  |   |  |
|---|---------------------|--|---|--|
| Funded Ratio<br>as of Valuation<br>Date <sup>3</sup>      | Equity<br>Exposure⁴ | Projected<br>Funded Ratio<br>after 15 Years <sup>3</sup> | Discount Rate –<br>Standard and<br>Optional<br>Policies | Discount Rate –<br>Alternative and<br>Conservation<br>Policies |
| 30% or more   | 60% or more         | 70% or more  | 6.50%   | 6.25%  |
| 30% or more   | 50% or more         | 70% or more  | 6.25%   | 6.00%  |
| 30% or more   | 40% or more         | 60% or more  | 6.00%   | 5.50%  |
| 15% or more   | 30% or more         | 50% or more  | 5.75%   | 5.00%  |
| 15% or more   | 20% or more         | 40% or more  | 5.50%   | 4.75%  |
| Less than 15%   | Less than 20%       | 15% or more  | 5.00%   | 4.25%  |
| Less than 15%   | Less than 20%       | Less than 15%  | 5.00%   | 4.00%  |

|  | Discount Rate       | Matrix for Plans Inv                                     | esting with the IMB  |  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Funded Ratio<br>as of Valuation<br>Date <sup>3</sup> | Equity<br>Exposure⁴ | Projected<br>Funded Ratio<br>after 15 Years <sup>3</sup> | Discount Rate –<br>Standard and<br>Optional<br>Policies <sup>5</sup> | Discount Rate –<br>Alternative and<br>Conservation<br>Policies |
| 30% or more  | N/A                 | 70% or more  | 7.00%  | 6.50%  |
| 30% or more  | N/A                 | 70% or more  | 7.00%  | 6.00%  |
| 15% or more  | N/A                 | 50% or more  | 7.00%  | 5.50%  |
| 15% or more  | N/A                 | 40% or more  | 7.00%  | 5.25%  |
| Less than 15%  | N/A                 | 15% or more  | 7.00%  | 4.75%  |
| Less than 15%  | N/A                 | Less than 15%  | 7.00%  | 4.50%  |

| As of June 30, 2020                    |                  |
|--|------------------|
| Plan Investing with the IMB            | No               |
| Actuarially-Based Funding Policy       | Yes              |
| Actuarial Value of Assets              | \$<br>12,478,513 |
| Liabilities Using a 6.0% Discount Rate | \$<br>17,125,819 |
| Funded Ratio                           | 72.86%           |
| Equity Exposure                        | 60%              |
| Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years  | 88%              |
| Discount Rate                          | 6.50%            |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Funded ratios based on a 6.0% investment return assumption for plans using an actuarially sound funding policy (Standard or Optional) and a 5.0% investment return assumption for other plans (Alternative or Conservation).
 <sup>4</sup> Based on target allocation percentage outlined in the investment policy.
 <sup>5</sup> Assumes the IMB maintains a current growth asset target above 70%. If this policy changes, the assumption

should be reviewed.



#### Salary Increases

The following assumed rates are used:

| Increase |
|----------|
| 20.00%   |
| 9.00%    |
| 6.50%    |
| 6.00%    |
| 5.00%    |
| 4.00%    |
| 3.50%    |
|          |

#### Pay Spiking

City of Weirton has indicated that unused accrued leave time (vacation and sick) is included in pensionable earnings used to compute the average annual compensation and, as such, a load of 6% is applied to active retirement and active termination pension benefits.

#### Inflation

2.50%, compounded annually.

#### Cost of Living Increase in Benefits

2.50% on first \$15,000 of annual benefit and on the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

#### Mortality

#### **Pre-Retirement**

**SOA PubS-2010(B) Employee**<sup>6</sup> Mortality Table<sup>7</sup> with the 2010 base rates projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

#### Post Retirement

For Healthy Retirees and Beneficiaries:

**SOA PubS-2010(B) Healthy Retiree** Mortality Table with the 2010 base rates projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019.** 

#### For Disabled Retirees:

**SOA PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree** Mortality Table with the 2010 base rates **set forward five years** and projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

Mortality improvement projections to the valuation date represent current mortality and mortality improvement projections beyond the valuation date represent future mortality improvement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Table name abbreviations from Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables Report published in January 2019. For example, *PubS-2010(B) Employee* translates to the Amount-Weighted Public Safety 2010 Below Median Employee Mortality Table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Assumes 10% of deaths are duty-related and 90% are non-duty related.



#### **Retirement Rates**

Members need a minimum of 20 years of service in order to be eligible for normal retirement. The retirement rates below are for years of service greater than or equal to 20 years of service:

| Age   | Fire | Police |
|-------|------|--------|
| 50    | 55%  | 60%    |
| 51-52 | 35%  | 40%    |
| 53-54 | 25%  | 40%    |
| 55-56 | 25%  | 50%    |
| 57-59 | 25%  | 40%    |
| 60    | 100% | 100%   |

Terminated-vested members (members who terminate employment after attaining 20 years of service but prior to commencing pension benefits) are assumed to retire at age 50.

#### Termination of Employment

Sample termination rates are as follows:

| Age | Fire | Police |
|-----|------|--------|
| 20  | 15%  | 25%    |
| 25  | 7%   | 10%    |
| 30  | 5%   | 8%     |
| 35  | 2%   | 6%     |
| 40  | 2%   | 3.5%   |
| 45  | 1%   | 2%     |
| 50  | 0%   | 0%     |

#### **Disability Rates**

Sample disability rates are as follows:

| Age | Rates <sup>8</sup> |
|-----|--------------------|
| 30  | 0.33%              |
| 40  | 0.76%              |
| 50  | 1.18%              |

#### **Marital Status**

70% assumed to be married with wives 3 years younger than husbands. Widows and widowers are not expected to re-marry in the future.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Assumes that 50% of disabilities are duty related and 50% are non-duty related. Also assumes that 5% of non-duty disabled members receive a 20% reduction in benefits through age 65 due to gainful employment.



#### **Non-Vested Terminations**

We value non-vested terminations based on the amount of their employee contribution account balance, which is assumed to be paid on the valuation date for current non-vested terminated members and on the termination date for future non-vested terminations.

#### Form of Payment

Benefits are assumed to be paid as a life annuity with a 60% spousal death benefit taking into account the re-indexing of the spouse's supplemental benefit as provided in WV Code §8-22-26a.

#### **Non-Spouse Beneficiaries**

Pre-retirement death benefits are loaded by 6% and post-retirement death benefits are loaded by 1% to estimate the impact of benefits provided to non-spouse beneficiaries (children, parents, siblings).

#### Administrative Expenses

Total administrative expenses for the fiscal year are equal to the average of the administrative expenses for the prior two fiscal years, increased by 2.50% annually for inflation.

Future expenses are assumed to increase by the general inflation assumption and are adjusted for headcount.

#### Changes in Methods/Assumptions Since Prior Valuation

Pursuant to the 2020 Actuarial Methods Recommendations Report, the WV MPOB adopted changes to the following methods:

- Amortization method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from a single, closed amortization base to a layered amortization approach.
- Asset method: the method was changed from the market value of assets to a four-year smoothed actuarial value of assets.
- Roll-forward method: for the Standard and Optional funding policies, the method was changed from developing contributions for the valuation year to rolling valuation results forward one year to better align the contribution calculation with the expected timing of the contribution.

Pursuant to the 2020 *Experience Study Report*, the WV MPOB adopted changes to the following assumptions:

- Discount rate development and rates
- Salary increases
- Added a pay spiking assumption
- Inflation (and premium tax increase rate)
- Cost-of-living increases
- Mortality rates (tables and improvement scales)
- Retirement rates (now with separate rates for police officers and firefighters)
- Termination rates (now with separate rates for police officers and firefighters)
- Disability rates
- Marital status
- Load for non-spouse beneficiaries
- Administrative expenses



# Section XII. Glossary

#### Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs or the portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to service before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method. Represents the present value of benefits expected to be paid from the plan in the future allocated to service prior to the date of the measurement.

#### Actuarial Asset Valuation Method

The method of determining the value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value that recognizes investment gains and losses over a given period of time (rather than immediately) in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined contribution (ADC).

#### **Actuarial Cost Method**

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. Also known as the "funding method". Examples of actuarial cost methods include Aggregate, Entry Age Normal, Projected Unit Credit, and Pay-As-You-Go.

#### Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits

The actuarial present value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund of member contributions or a future retirement benefit. It is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

#### Aggregate Cost Method

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost of all future benefits in excess of plan assets as a level percentage of future salary or service. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is set to the value of assets in this method.

#### Annual Determined Contributions of the Employer(s) (ADC)

The employer's target or recommended periodic contribution to a pension plan, calculated in accordance with assumptions and methods that conform with the Actuarial Standards of Practice. The ADC replaced the annual required contribution (ARC)when GASB 27 was replaced by GASB 68.

#### Cost-of-Living-Adjustment (COLA)

A periodic increase in the amounts calculated using the plan's basic benefit formula to account for the future effects of inflation which reduce the purchasing power of the calculated benefits.

#### **Covered Group**

Plan members included in actuarial valuation.



#### Demographic Assumptions

Assumptions regarding the future population of pension participants, including retirement, termination, disability and mortality assumptions. Demographic assumptions also include those relating to merit pay increases, marital status, and new hires.

#### **Economic Assumptions**

Assumptions regarding future economic factors, including inflation, investment returns, COLA, salary improvement, change in average wages, and changes in Social Security benefits.

#### **Employer's Contributions**

Contributions made in relation to the ADC. An employer has made a contribution in relation to the ADC if the employer has (a) made payments of benefits directly to or on behalf of a retiree or beneficiary, (b) made premium payments to an insurer, or (c) irrevocably transferred assets to a trust, or an equivalent arrangement, in which plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the plan and are legally protected from creditors of the employer(s) or plan administrator.

#### Entry Age Normal (EAN) Cost Method

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost for each individual's expected benefits over their career, either as a level percentage of pay or service. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the accumulated value of all past normal costs, and the unfunded accrued liability (surplus) is the excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the value of assets.

#### **Expenses**

Plan expenses paid from the plan's assets (rather than directly by the employer) are divided into administrative and investment-related expenses.

#### **Funded Ratio**

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the plan's Actuarial Accrued Liability.

#### GASB

Government Accounting Standards Board.

#### GASB No. 67 and GASB No. 68

These are the government accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 68 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems while Statement No. 67 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

#### Investment Return Assumption or Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)

The assumed rate of future investment earnings on the plan's assets, reflecting the current investment policy and expected future economic conditions. This rate is used to adjust, or discount, a series of future payments to reflect the time value of money and show future amounts in today's dollars.

#### Level Dollar Amortization Method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a level dollar amount over a given number of years.



#### Level Percentage of Projected Payroll Amortization Method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation. In dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to remain level (disregarding changes due to future actuarial experience differing from expectations).

#### **Normal Cost**

That portion of the Actuarial Present Value Future Benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method.

#### **Payroll Growth Rate**

An actuarial assumption with respect to future increases in total covered payroll attributable to inflation; used in applying the level percentage of projected payroll amortization method.

#### **Plan Members**

The individuals covered by the terms of a pension plan. The plan membership generally includes employees in active service, terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retired employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

#### Post-Employment

The period between termination of employment and retirement as well as the period after retirement.

#### Salary Improvement

An actuarial assumption regarding the increase in employees' salaries, reflecting cost-of-living, merit and longevity increases.

#### **Supplemental Benefits**

Benefits that accumulate after a member's retirement based on an annual COLA increase in the amount of a retired participant's benefit intended to adjust the benefit for inflation.

#### **Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities**

The excess of the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits as of the date of a pension plan valuation, over the sum of (1) the actuarial value of the assets of the plan and (2) the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs determined by any of several actuarial cost methods. For plans that explicitly define an Actuarial Accrued Liability, this amount equals the excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Vested Plan Benefits**

All benefits to which current participants have a vested right based on pay and service through the valuation date. A participant has a vested right to a benefit if he/she would still be eligible to receive that benefit if employment terminated on the valuation date.